3D NAND Flash

(KIOXIA BiCS5 3D NAND) / (3D aSLC Mode)

Mini SATA III Module
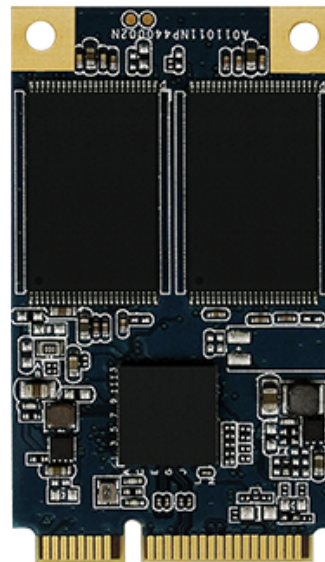
PHANES-W Series

(JEDEC MO-300A)

Document No. : 100-xMSM-PWCT5

Version No. : 01V0

Date : November, 2023

ISO 9001 : 2015 CERTIFIED

Product Features

■ **Flash IC**

- Kioxia **BiCS-5** 3D-TLC, Toggle 3.0

- Kioxia **BiCS FLASH™ *3**

- KIOXIA BiCS5 3D-NAND Flash w/aSLC Technology.

■ **Compatibility**

- Compliant with SATA Revision 3.2

- SATA 1.5Gb/s; SATA 3Gb/s & SATA 6Gb/s

- Interface compatible.

- ATA-8 ACS4 command set

■ **Additional Capabilities**

- S.M.A.R.T.*1 (Self-Monitoring, Analysis and Reporting Technology) feature set support.

- Native Command Queuing (NCQ) support.

- TRIM maintenance command support.

- Both Static & Dynamic wear-leveling algorithm

- Hardware Low Density Parity Check Code, LDPC support.

- Support bad Block Management

- Support DIPM/HIPM Mode for power saving

- Support UART / GPIO function

- Support of AES 256 & TCG OPAL(Optional)***4**

■ **Mechanical**

- JEDEC MO-300A full size Solid State Drive

- 52 pos. Edge Connector, PCI Express (PCIe) mini

- Dimension: 50.8 mm x 29.85 mm.

- Weight: 8.00 g / 0.28 oz.

■ **Power Operating Voltage 3.3V(+/-) 5%**

- Read Mode: 1,450.0 mW (max.)

- Write Mode: 1,750.0 mW (max.)

- Idle Mode: 210.0 mW (max.)

■ **Performance (Maximum value) *2**

- Sequential Read: 550.0 MB/sec. (max.) *2

- Sequential Write: 510.0 MB/sec. (max.) *2

- 4KB Random Read: 97,000 IOPS. (max.)

- 4KB Random Write: 86,500 IOPS. (max.)

■ **Capacity**

3D NAND : 128GB, 256GB, 512GB, 1TB, 2TB

3D aSLC : 64GB, 128GB, 256GB, 512GB

■ **Reliability**

- **TBW:** (Client workload by JESD-219A)

- **3D NAND :** Up to 3,000 TBW at 2TB Capacity.

- **3D aSLC :** Up to 25,800 TBW at 512GB Capacity.

- **ECC:** Designed with hardware LDPC ECC engine with hard-decision and soft-decision decoding.

- **MTBF :** > 3.0 million hours

- **Temperature:** (Operating)

  Standard Grade: 0ºC ~ +70ºC

  Wide Temp. Grade: -40ºC ~ +85ºC

- **Vibration:** 80 Hz to 2000 Hz, 20G, 3 axes.

- **Shock:** 0.5ms, 1500 G, 3 axes.

■ **Certifications and Declarations**

- **Certifications**: CE & FCC

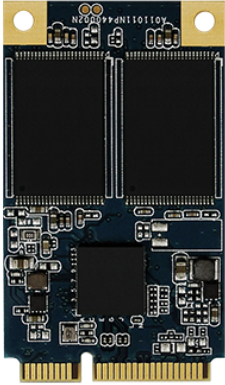- **Declarations**: RoHS & REACH

Remarks:

1. Support official S.M.A.R.T. Utility.

2. Sequential performance is based on CrystalDiskMark 5.1.2 with file size 1000MB

3. **BiCS** means Bit Cost Scalable Technology.

   BiCS FLASH is a trademark of KIOXIA Corporation.

4. **TCG OPAL: Optional (Different F/W);** Requires third-party software management from customer's system. **AES:** Supported if system BIOS support to Set AES HDD Password.

Order Information

I.   *Part Number List*

◆   **APRO mini SATA III MODULE (mSATA) (BiCS-5 3D NAND & 3D aSLC) PHANES-W Series**

Product Picture	Grade	Standard grade (0ºC ~ 70ºC)	Wide Temp. Grade (-40ºC ~ +85ºC)
		Kioxia BiCS-5 3D-TLC	
	64GB	SBMSM064G-PWCT5(TG)	WBMSM064G-PWCT5(TG)C
	128GB	SBMSM128G-PWCT5(TG)	WBMSM128G-PWCT5(TG)C
	256GB	SBMSM256G-PWCT5(TG)	WBMSM256G-PWCT5(TG)C
	512GB	SBMSM512G-PWCT5(TG)	WBMSM512G-PWCT5(TG)C
	1TB	SBMSM001T-PWCT5(TG)	WBMSM001T-PWCT5(TG)C
	2TB	SBMSM002T-PWCT5(TG)	WBMSM002T-PWCT5(TG)C
		Kioxia BiCS-5 3D-TLC aSLC mode	
	32GB	SBMSM032G-PWCT5AS(TG)	WBMSM032G-PWCT5AS(TG)C
	64GB	SBMSM064G-PWCT5AS(TG)	WBMSM064G-PWCT5AS(TG)C
	128GB	SBMSM128G-PWCT5AS(TG)	WBMSM128G-PWCT5AS(TG)C
	256GB	SBMSM256G-PWCT5AS(TG)	WBMSM256G-PWCT5AS(TG)C
	512GB	SBMSM512G-PWCT5AS(TG)	WBMSM512G-PWCT5AS(TG)C

Notes:

C : *Special conformal coating treated on whole PCBA which may support industrial grade operating temperature -40°C ~ +85°C*

II. *Part Number Decoder:*

X1 X2 X3 X4 X5 X6 X7 X8 X9 - X11 X12 X13 X14 X15 X16 X17 - C

X1 : **Grade**

S: Standard Grade – operating temp. 0º C ~ 70 º C

W: Wide Temp. Grade- operating temp. -40º C ~ +85 º C

X2 : **The material of case**

B : Bare

X3 X4 X5 : **Product category**

MSM : mini SATA Module (mSATA SSD)

X6 X7 X8 X9 : **Capacity**

032G:	32GB	**256G:**	256GB
064G:	64GB	**512G:**	512GB
128G:	128GB	**001T:**	1TB
		002T:	2TB

X11 : **Controller**

P : PHANES Solution

X12 : Controller version

A, B, C.....

X13 : **Controller Grade**

C : Commercial grade

X14 : **Flash IC**

T : Kioxia NAND Flash IC

X15 X16 X17 : **Flash IC grade / Type**

5 : BiCS-5 3D-NAND Flash IC.

AS : KIOXIA 3D NAND Flash IC w/aSLC Technology.

X18 X19 X20 : **Reserved for specific requirement**

TG: TCG Opal 2.0 & AES 256-bits **(Optional)**

C : Conformal coating

Revision History

Revision	Description	Date
1.0	Initial release.	2023/11/30

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1. Introduction

APRO mini SATA III MODULE (mSATA) (BiCS-5 3D NAND/3D aSLC) PHANES-W Series provides high-capacity flash memory Solid State Drive (SSD) that electrically complies with SATA Revision 3.2 standard; APRO mini SATA III MODULE (mSATA) (BiCS-5 3D NAND/3D aSLC) PHANES-W Series support SATA 1.5Gb/s; SATA 3Gb/s & SATA 6Gb/s data transfer rate with high performance.

The available disk capacities are from 64GB up to 2TB for **Kioxia BiCS5 3D NAND** solution, the capacities from 32GB to 512GB are the **Kioxia BiCS5 aSLC mode solution**. The operating temperature grade is optional for Standard grade 0°C ~ 70°C and Wide Temp. Grade with conformal coating supports -40°C ~ +85°C.

APRO mini SATA III MODULE (mSATA) (BiCS-5 3D NAND/3D aSLC) PHANES-W Series is suitable to handheld device embedded system, inventory recorder and particularly for serious environment monitor recorder system. The sequential read speed is 550 MB/sec and sequential write speed is 510 MB/sec which were testing based on **Kioxia BiCS5 3D NAND** solution and the sequential read speed is 545 MB/sec and sequential write speed is 465 MB/se **3D aSLC mode** solution.

APRO mini SATA III MODULE (mSATA) (BiCS-5 3D NAND/3D aSLC) PHANES-W Series provides a high-level interface to the host computer. This interface allows a host computer to issue commands to the APRO mini SATA III MODULE (mSATA) (BiCS-5 3D NAND/3D aSLC) PHANES-W Series to read or write blocks of memory. A powerful hardware design is architecture multiplied LDPC (Low Density Parity Check) for Error Correcting Coding (ECC).

APRO mini SATA III MODULE (mSATA) (BiCS-5 3D NAND/3D aSLC) PHANES-W Series intelligent controller manages interface protocols, data storage and retrieval as well as ECC, bad block management and diagnostics, power management and clock control.

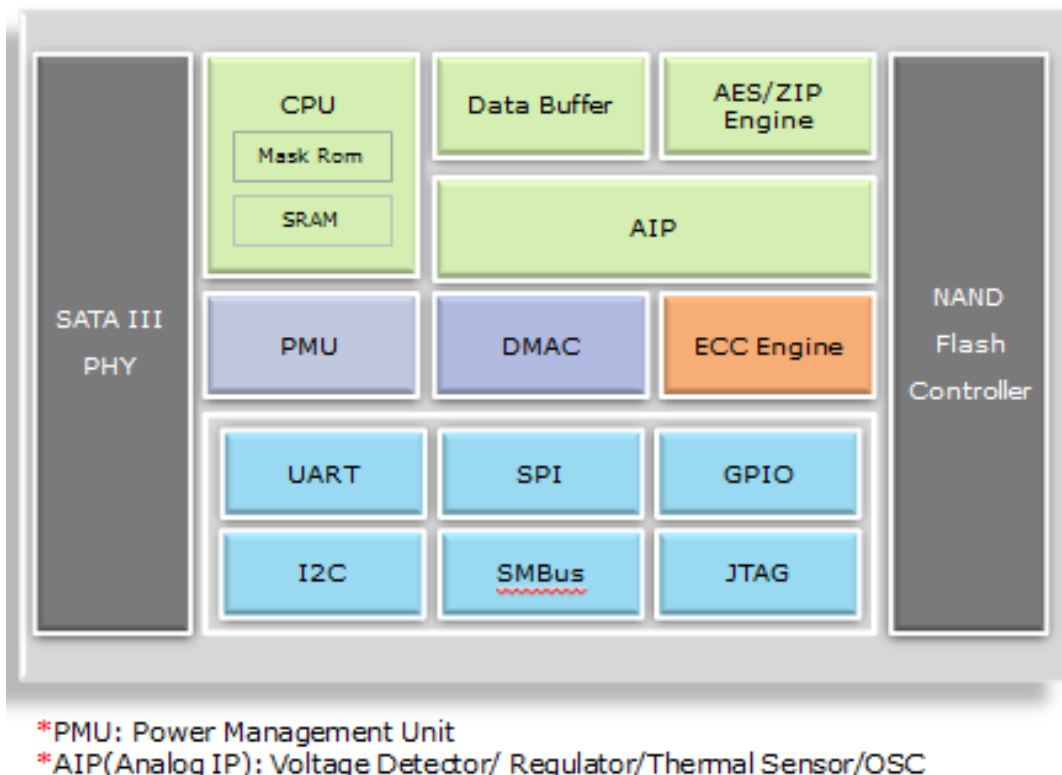Figure 1 shows a block diagram of the used high tech mSATA SSD controller.

*PMU: Power Management Unit
*AIP(Analog IP): Voltage Detector/ Regulator/Thermal Sensor/OSC

Figure 1: APRO mini SATA III MODULE (mSATA) (BiCS-5 3D NAND/3D aSLC) PHANES-W Series block diagram

1.1. *Scope*

This document describes features, specifications and installation guide of APRO mini SATA III MODULE (mSATA) PHANES-W Series. In the appendix, there provides order information, warranty policy, RMA/DOA procedure for the most convenient reference.

1.2. *Flash Management Technology – Static & Dynamic Wear Leveling*

NAND flash devices can only undergo a limited number of program/erase cycles, and in most cases, the flash media are not used evenly. If some areas get updated more frequently than others, the lifetime of the device would be reduced significantly. Thus, Wear Leveling is applied to extend the lifespan of NAND Flash by evenly distributing write and erase cycles across the media.

APRO mini SATA III MODULE (mSATA) (BiCS-5 3D NAND/3D aSLC) PHANES-W Series provides advanced Wear Leveling algorithm, which can efficiently spread out the flash usage through the whole flash media area. Moreover, by implementing both dynamic and static Wear Leveling algorithms, the life expectancy of the NAND flash is greatly improved.

1.3. *Bad Block Management*

➢   **Early Bad Block**

The fault block generated during the manufacturing process of NAND Flash is called Early Bad Block.

➢   **Later Bad Block**

In the process of use, as the number of operations of writing and erasing increases, a fault block is gradually generated, which is called a Latter Bad Block.

Bad block management is a management mechanism for a bad block to be detected by the control IC and mark bad blocks in the NAND Flash and improve the reliability of data access. The bad block management mechanism of the control IC will establish a **Bad Block Table** when the NAND Flash is started for the first time, and will also record the errors found in the process of use in the bad block table, and data is ported to new valid blocks to avoid data loss.

In order to detect the initial bad blocks to handle run time bad blocks, APRO mini SATA III MODULE (mSATA) (BiCS-5 3D NAND/3D aSLC) PHANES-W Series provides the **Bad Block Management** scheme. It remaps a bad block to one of the reserved blocks so that the data contained in one bad block is not lost and new data writes on a bad block is avoided.

1.4. *Error Correcting Coding (ECC)*

APRO mini SATA III MODULE (mSATA) (BiCS-5 3D NAND/3D aSLC) PHANES-W Series provides a high level interface to the host computer. This interface allows a host computer to issue commands to the APRO mini SATA III MODULE (mSATA) (BiCS-5 3D NAND/3D aSLC) PHANES-W Series to read or write blocks of memory. A powerful hardware design is architecture multiplied LDPC (Low Density Parity Check) for Error Correcting Coding (ECC). APRO mini SATA III MODULE (mSATA) (BiCS-5 3D NAND/3D aSLC) PHANES-W Series intelligent controller manages interface protocols, data storage and retrieval as well as ECC, bad block management and diagnostics, power management and clock control.

1.5. *Over-Provision*

Over Provisioning refers to the preserving additional area beyond user capacity in a SSD, which is not visible to users and cannot be used by them. However, it allows a SSD controller to utilize additional space for better performance and WAF. With Over Provisioning, the performance and IOPS (Input/Output Operations per Second) are improved by providing the controller additional space to manage P/E cycles, which enhances the reliability and endurance as well. Moreover, the write amplification of the SSD becomes lower when the controller writes data to the flash.

1.6. DIPM/HIPM Mode

SATA interfaces contain two low power management states for power saving: Partial and Slumber modes. For Partial mode, the device has to resume to full operation within 10 microseconds, whereas the device will spend 10 milliseconds to become fully operational in the Slumber mode. SATA interfaces allow low power modes to be initiated by Host (HIPM, Host Initiated Power Management) or Device (DIPM, Device Initiated Power Management). As for HIPM, Partial or Slumber mode can be invoked directly by the software. For DIPM, the device will send requests to enter Partial or Slumber mode.

1.7. Thermal Throttling

The purpose of thermal throttling is to prevent any components in a SSD from over-heating during read and write operations. APRO mini SATA III MODULE (mSATA) (BiCS-5 3D NAND/3D aSLC) PHANES-W Series is designed with an on-die thermal sensor and with its accuracy; firmware can apply different levels of throttling to achieve the purpose of protection efficiently and proactively via SMART reading.

1.8. 3D-NAND Flash

3D NAND is a vertical implementation of the NAND flash cell memory array. The memory cell transistors forming the NAND string are connected in a series vertically and the memory transistors are changed from the floating-gate type to a trapped charge type.

In floating-gate technology, die density is increased by shrinking peripheral circuits and active circuits.

With 3D, holding the X/Y dimension of the die constant, die density is increased through multiple layers of the active circuits on the Z axis. Higher-density 3D NAND die enables applications needing high-density NAND chip solutions.

1.9. TCG Opal 2.0 (Optional)

The Opal specification is a set of specifications for self-encrypting drives published by the Trusted Computing Group (TCG), a non-profit organization that develops, defines, and promotes standards and specifications for secure computing. The Opal Security Subsystem Class(SSC) 2.0 defines the details of data management in storage devices and the classes authority for data access, and secures data from theft and tampering by unauthorized persons who are able to gain access to the storage device or host system.

1.9.1. TCG Opal 2.0 Main Features:

➢ **AES 256-bit Hardware Self Encryption**

➢ **Deploy Storage Device & Take Ownership:** The Storage Device is integrated into its target system and ownership transferred by setting or changing the Storage Device's owner credential.

➢ **Activate or Enroll Storage Device:** LBA ranges are configured and data encryption and access control credentials (re)generated and/or set on the Storage Device. Access control is configured for LBA range unlocking.

➢ **Lock & Unlock Storage Device:** Unlocking of one or more LBA ranges by the host and locking of those ranges under host control via either an explicit lock or implicit lock triggered by a reset event. MBR shadowing provides a mechanism to boot into a secure pre-boot authentication environment to handle device unlocking.

➢ **Repurpose & End-of-Life:** Erasure of data within one or more.

➢ **Physical Presence SID (PSID):** PSID is defined by TCG OPAL as a 32-character string and the purpose is to revert SSD back to its manufacturing setting when the drive is still OPAL-activated. PSID code can be printed on a SSD label when an OPAL-activated SSD supports PSID revert feature.

1.10. *UBER*

Table 1: UBER Calculation.

Capacity	UBER
32GB	
64GB	
128GB	
256GB	< 1 sector per 10^{16} bits read
512GB	
1TB	
2TB	

Notes:

1. UBER (Uncorrectable Bit Error Rates) means the uncorrectable error per bits read.

2. UBER = FER (fail rate)/ Data Size (user data bit)

3. FER = uncorrectable ECC frame number / total ECC frame number

1.11. *MTBF*

MTBF, Mean Time Between Failures, is a measure of reliability of a device. Its value represents the average time between a repair and the next failure. The unit of MTBF is in hours. The higher the MTBF value, the higher the reliability of the device.

Our MTBF result is based on simulation software (Relex7.3). Please note that a lower MTBF should be expected for higher capacity drives, and we apply the lowest MTBF for all capacities.

Table 2: MTBF Calculation.

Capacity	MTBF
32GB	
64GB	
128GB	
256GB	> 2.5 million hours
512GB	
1TB	
2TB	

2. Product Specifications

For all the following specifications, values are defined at ambient temperature and nominal supply voltage unless otherwise stated.

2.1. System Environmental Specifications

Table 3: Environmental Specification

APRO mini SATA III MODULE (mSATA) PHANES-W		Standard Grade	Wide Temp. Grade
Series		SBMSMxxxG-PWCT5(TG)	WBMSMxxxG-PWCT5(TG)C
Temperature	**Operating:**	0ºC ~ +70ºC	-40ºC ~ +85ºC
	Non-operating:	-20ºC ~ +80ºC	-50ºC ~ +95ºC
Humidity	**Operating & Non-operating:**	10% ~ 95% non-condensing	
Vibration	**Frequency/Acceleration:**	80 Hz to 2000 Hz, 20G, 3 axes	
Shock	**Operating & Non-operating:**	0.5ms, 1500 G, 3 axes	
Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)	**Temperature:**	24ºC	
	Relative Humidity:	49% (RH)	
	+/-4KV:	Device functions are affected, but EUT will be back to its normal or operational state automatically.	

2.2. System Power Requirements

Table 4: Power Requirement

BiCS-5 3D NAND						Unit: mW
Capacity	Flash Structure	Read	Write	Partial	Slumber	Idle
64GB	64GB x 1, BiCS5 TLC, BGA	820	750	55	20	180
128GB	64GB x 2, BiCS5 TLC, BGA	1,100	1,050	55	20	180
256GB	128GB x 2, BiCS5 TLC, BGA	1,100	1,200	55	20	180
512GB	256GB x 2, BiCS5 TLC, BGA	1,150	1,250	55	20	180
1TB	256GB x 4, BiCS5 TLC, BGA	1,200	1,550	55	20	180
2TB	512GB x 4, BiCS5 TLC, BGA	1,150	1,550	55	20	180
BiCS-5 3D NAND aSLC mode						
32GB	64GB x 2, BiCS5 aSLC, BGA	1,100	1,100	65	25	175
64GB	128GB x 2, BiCS5 aSLC, BGA	1,100	1,150	65	25	175
128GB	256GB x 2, BiCS5 aSLC, BGA	1,150	1,150	65	25	175
256GB	256GB x 4, BiCS5 aSLC, BGA	1,200	1,150	65	25	175
512GB	512GB x 4, BiCS5 aSLC, BGA	1,350	1,300	65	25	175

Notes:

➢ *It's average value of power consumption is achieved based on 100% conversion efficiency.*

➢ *Sequential R/W is measured while testing 4000MB sequential R/W 5 times by CrystalDiskMark.*

➢ *Power Consumption may differ according to flash configuration and platform.*

➢ *Measurement environment: Room temperature: 20~25℃, humidity: 40~60%RH, DC+3.3V condition.*

2.3. *System Performance*

Table 5: System Performances

Data Transfer Mode supporting		Serial ATA Gen-III (6.0Gb/s = 768MB/s)			
Capacity	Flash Structure	Sequential (MB/s)		4K Random (IOPS)	
		Read	Write	Read	Write
BiCS-5 3D NAND					
64GB	64GB x 1, BiCS5 TLC, BGA	320	260	24,000	56,000
128GB	64GB x 2, BiCS5 TLC, BGA	530	450	47,500	77,500
256GB	128GB x 2, BiCS5 TLC, BGA	540	485	72,500	82,500
512GB	256GB x 2, BiCS5 TLC, BGA	540	500	87,000	83,500
1TB	256GB x 4, BiCS5 TLC, BGA	540	500	94,000	84,500
2TB	512GB x 4, BiCS5 TLC, BGA	550	510	91,500	85,000
BiCS-5 3D NAND aSLC mode					
32GB	64GB x 2, BiCS5 aSLC, BGA	540	465	49,500	78,500
64GB	128GB x 2, BiCS5 aSLC, BGA	550	485	85,500	84,500
128GB	256GB x 2, BiCS5 aSLC, BGA	550	500	96,000	86,000
256GB	256GB x 4, BiCS5 aSLC, BGA	550	510	97,500	87,500
512GB	512GB x 4, BiCS5 aSLC, BGA	550	510	97,000	86,500

Notes:

➢ *Performance may differ according to flash configuration and platform.*

➢ *The table above is for reference only.*

➢ *Performance is measured with the follow conditions*

(a) CrystalDiskMark 6.0, 1GB range, QD32T1 for sequential

(b) IOmeter, QD32T8, 1GB range for 4K Random

(c) Windows 10 professional (x64), Version 1809

➢ *Measurement environment: Room temperature: 20~25℃, humidity: 40~60%RH, DC+3.3V condition.*

2.4. *System Reliability*

Table 6: System Reliability

Wear-leveling Algorithms		Static & Dynamic Wear-leveling	
ECC Technology		Hardware design LDPC (Low Density Parity Check)	
Erase counts		KIOXIA BiCS-5 NAND TLC Flash Cell Level : 3K P/E Cycles	
Capacity	Flash Structure	TBW	DWPD
64GB	64GB x 1, BiCS5 TLC, BGA	70	0.99
128GB	64GB x 2, BiCS5 TLC, BGA	100	0.71
256GB	128GB x 2, BiCS5 TLC, BGA	250	0.89
512GB	256GB x 2, BiCS5 TLC, BGA	600	1.07
1TB	256GB x 4, BiCS5 TLC, BGA	1,400	1.24
2TB	512GB x 4, BiCS5 TLC, BGA	3,300	1.47
Erase counts		KIOXIA BiCS-5 aSLC mode : 30K P/E Cycles	
32GB	64GB x 2, BiCS5 aSLC, BGA	1,000	28.53
64GB	128GB x 2, BiCS5 aSLC, BGA	3,000	42.81
128GB	256GB x 2, BiCS5 aSLC, BGA	6,400	45.66
256GB	256GB x 4, BiCS5 aSLC, BGA	13,000	46.37
512GB	512GB x 4, BiCS5 aSLC, BGA	25,800	46.01

Notes:

➢ TBW is measured by JEDEC 219A Client workload.

➢ TBW may differ according to flash configuration, platform and data written.

➢ DWPD (Drive Write Per Day) = TBW / [365 x years x User Capacity(TB)]

➢ The endurance of SSD could be estimated based on user behavior, NAND endurance cycles, and write amplification factor.

It is not guaranteed by flash vendor.

2.5. *Device Capacity*

Table 7: User Capacity and Addressable Sectors

Capacity	512Bytes/Sector Total Sectors (LBA)	4KBytes/Sector Total Sectors (LBA)	User Available Bytes
32GB	62,533,296	7,816,662	32,017,047,552
64GB	125,045,424	15,630,678	64,023,257,088
128GB	250,069,680	31,258,710	128,035,676,160
256GB	500,118,192	62,514,774	256,060,514,304
512GB	1,000,215,216	125,026,902	512,110,190,592
1TB	2,000,409,264	250,051,158	1,024,209,543,168
2TB	4,000,797,360	500,099,670	2,048,408,248,320

Note:

➢ User Data Size depended on file management

➢ 1 Gigabyte (GB) is equal to 1,000,000,000 Bytes; 1 sector is equal to 512 Bytes or 4K Bytes.

➢ The calculation is following IDEMA Standard.

➢ The total actual user usable capacity of the SSD may be less than device capacity due to SSD format, SSD partition, operating system.

2.6. *Physical Specifications*

Refer to Table 5 and see Figure 2 for APRO mini SATA III MODULE (mSATA) (BiCS-5 3D NAND/3D aSLC) PHANES-W Series physical specifications and dimensions.

Table 8: Physical Specifications of APRO mini SATA III MODULE (mSATA) PHANES-W Series

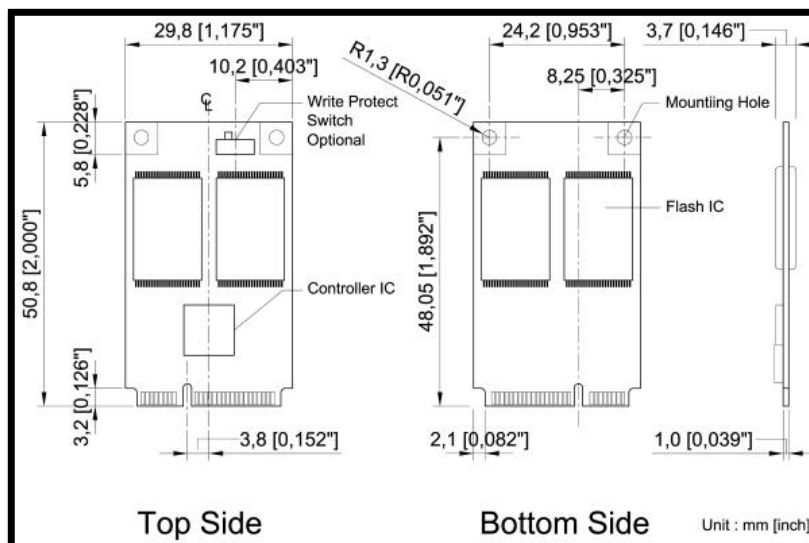| Length:	50.8 mm
Width:	29.85 mm
Weight:	8.00 g / 0.28 oz.

Figure 2: APRO mini SATA III MODULE (mSATA) PHANES-W Series Dimension

2.7. *Conformal coating*

Conformal coating is a protective, dielectric coating designed to conform to the surface of an assembled printed circuit board. Commonly used conformal coatings include silicone, acrylic, urethane and epoxy. APRO applies only silicone on APRO storages products upon requested especially by customers. The type of silicone coating features good thermal shock resistance due to flexibility. It is also easy to apply and repair.

Conformal coating offers protection of circuitry from moisture, fungus, dust and corrosion caused by extreme environments. It also prevents damage from those Flash storages handling during construction, installation and use, and reduces mechanical stress on components and protects from thermal shock. The greatest advantage of conformal coating is to allow greater component density due to increased dielectric strength between conductors.

APRO use MIL-I-46058C silicon conformal coating

3. *Interface Description*

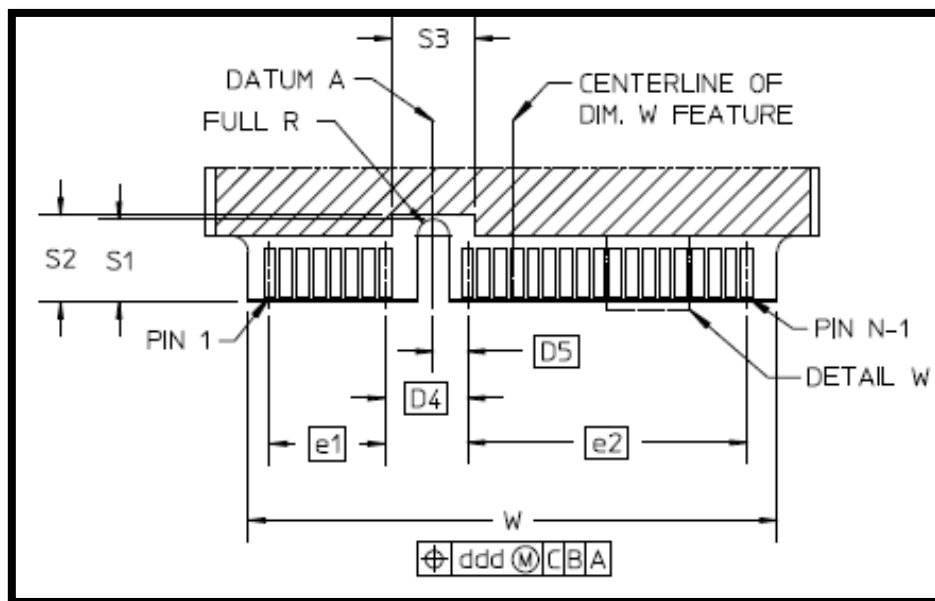## 3.1. *Mini SATA III Module interface*

Figure 3: The connectors of Signal Segment and Power Segment

3.2. Pin Assignments

APRO mini SATA III MODULE (mSATA) (BiCS-5 3D NAND/3D aSLC) PHANES-W Series operates with standard SATA pin-out.

The pin assignments are listed in below table 6.

Table 9 - Pin Assignments

Signal Name	Pin #	Pin #	Signal Name
NC	1	2	+3.3V
NC	3	4	DGND
NC	5	6	NC
NC	7	8	NC
DGND	9	10	NC
NC	11	12	NC
NC	13	14	NC
DGND	15	16	NC
NC	17	18	DGND
NC	19	20	NC
SATA GND	21	22	NC
TX+	23	24	+3.3V
TX-	25	26	SATA GND
SATA GND	27	28	NC
SATA GND	29	30	NC
RX-	31	32	NC
RX+	33	34	DGND
SATA GND	35	36	NC
SATA GND	37	38	NC
+3.3V	39	40	DGND
+3.3V	41	42	NC
NC	43	44	DEVSLP
NC	45	46	NC
NC	47	48	NC
DAS	49	50	DGND
GND	51	52	+3.3V

Appendix A: Limited Warranty

APRO warrants your mini SATA III MODULE (mSATA) (BiCS-5 3D NAND/3D aSLC) PHANES-W Series against defects in material and workmanship for the life of the drive. The warranty is void in the case of misuse, accident, alteration, improper installation, misapplication or the result of unauthorized service or repair. The implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose, and all other warranties, expressed or implied, except as set forth in this warranty, shall not apply to the products delivered. In no event shall APRO be liable for any lost profits, lost savings or other incidental or consequential damages arising out of the use of, or inability to use, this product.

BEFORE RETURNING PRODUCT, A RETURN MATERIAL AUTHORIZATION (RMA) MUST BE OBTAINED FROM APRO.

Product shall be returned to APRO with shipping prepaid. If the product fails to conform based on customers' purchasing orders, APRO will reimburse customers for the transportation charges incurred.

WARRANTY PERIOD:

- **3D NAND FLASH (Wide Temp. Grade)   2 years / Within 3K Erasing Counts**
- **3D aSLC (Wide Temp. Grade)   2 years / Within 30K Erasing Counts**

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